In the 2022 Global Hunger Index, Bangladesh ranks 84th out of the 121 countries with sufficient data to calculate 2022 GHI scores. With a score of 19.6, Bangladesh has a level of hunger that is moderate.

**GHI Score Trend for Bangladesh**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>33.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>31.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>26.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2022</td>
<td>19.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**ABOUT THE GLOBAL HUNGER INDEX**

The Global Hunger Index is a peer-reviewed annual report, jointly published by Concern Worldwide and Welthungerhilfe, designed to comprehensively measure and track hunger at the global, regional, and country levels. GHI scores are calculated each year to assess progress and setbacks in combating hunger. The GHI is designed to raise awareness and understanding of the struggle against hunger, provide a way to compare levels of hunger between countries and regions, and call attention to those areas of the world where hunger levels are highest and where the need for additional efforts to eliminate hunger is greatest. This country profile is based on data and information from the 2022 Global Hunger Index.

For more information please see the 2022 Global Hunger Index at [www.globalhungerindex.org](http://www.globalhungerindex.org)

Publication date: October 2022
The Global Hunger Index (GHI) is a tool for comprehensively measuring and tracking hunger at global, regional, and national levels. GHI scores are based on the values of four component indicators:

- **Undernourishment:** the share of the population with insufficient caloric intake.
- **Child wasting:** the share of children under age five who have low weight for their height, reflecting acute undernutrition.
- **Child stunting:** the share of children under age five who have low height for their age, reflecting chronic undernutrition.
- **Child mortality:** the share of children who die before their fifth birthday, partly reflecting the fatal mix of inadequate nutrition and unhealthy environments.

These four indicators are aggregated as follows:

\[
\frac{1}{3} \text{ Undernourishment} + \frac{1}{6} \text{ Child stunting} + \frac{1}{6} \text{ Child wasting} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ Child mortality} = \text{ GHI Score}
\]

Note: All indicator values are standardized.

**Trend for Indicator Values - Bangladesh**

- Proportion of undernourished in the population
- Prevalence of wasting in children
- Prevalence of stunting in children under five years
- Under-five mortality rate